The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Thursday January 19. to Saturday January 21. 1709.

St. James's, January 19.

THE humble Addreſs of the Shire of *Mid-Lothian*, was preſented to Her Majeſty by *George Lockhart*, Eſq; their Repreſentative in Parliament, being introduced by his Grace the Duke of *Hamilton*.

Which Addreſs Her Majeſty received very graciouſly.

Vienna, January 14. *N. S.* This Court hath taken a Reſolution to augment the number of their Troops, and make the moſt vigorous Efforts againſt France the enſuing Campaign, in concert with the Meaſures of her Britannick Majeſty and the States-General. Early Reinforcements are to be ſent to join the Imperial Army on the Upper Rhine; and it is ſaid that Prince Eugene will viſit the ſeveral Courts of the Princes of the Empire, in order to excite them to the ſame Vigour in their Proceedings, and to engage them to take ſuch ſpeedy and effectual Meaſures as may fruſtrate the Enemy's Deſigns of penetrating into the Empire; and alſo to proſecute the War upon the Rhine with a greater Force. His Imperial Majeſty hath writ a Letter to his Electoral Highneſs of Hanover, deſiring him to continue in the Command of the Army of the Empire, with aſſurances of his utmoſt aſſiſtance, and endeavours to procure ſuch timely Succours from the reſpective Princes of the Empire, as ſhall enable him to act offenſively againſt the Common Enemy. In the mean time the Recruits and new Levies are carried on throughout his Imperial Majeſty's Hereditary Dominions with very good Succeſs; and it is hoped, that all the Regiments will be compleated by the middle of March. The Affairs of Hungary afford us a hopeful Proſpect of the ſpeedy Concluſion of that War; all that part of the Kingdom which is ſituated on this ſide the Danube is reduced to his Imperial Majeſty; and the Garriſon of Neuhauſel is ſo ſtrictly blocked up, and ſuffers ſo very much for want of neceſſary Proviſions, that it is believed it will be obliged to ſurrender before the next Campaign. General Heiſter hath been ſo ſucceſsful in this War, that it is not doubted but he will be continued in the Command of the Army in Hungary. However there are frequent Complaints of that General's Severities to the Proteſtants of that Kingdom. Yeſterday the Baggage, and part of the Equipage of the Prince of Lorrain ſet out for Presburg; to which Place he deſigns to follow the ſame ſpeedily in Perſon, accompanied by Adam Prince of Lichtenſtein and Count Thaun, who are to aſſiſt at the approaching Diet, as his Imperial Majeſty's Commiſſioners. Monſieur Albani, the Pope's Nephew, is ſet out for Dreſden, ſomewhat diſſatisfied that this Court would not yield up Commachio to the Holy See, and has expreſſed ſome Reſentment of the particular Regard which his Imperial Majeſty bears to the Intereſts of the Duke of Modena. The Pope hath nominated Monſignior Piazza to be his Nuncio to this Court; and his Imperial Majeſty, and all the Foreign Miniſters, have received him accordingly. There are certain Advices that the King of Sweden was lately at Bender; but the determinations of the Ottoman Port concerning that Prince are very uncertain. The Muſcovite Ambaſſador at Conſtantinople hath written to his Czariſh Majeſty's Miniſter here, that he had concluded a Truce between the Czar and the Grand Signior for twenty five Years longer; that he had promiſed, in his Maſter's Name, that the new Fortreſſes which are erected at the Mouth of the Tanais ſhould be demoliſhed, becauſe they gave Umbrage to the Turks; and that all other Differences were compoſed between the Turkiſh and Ruſſian Empires. The Swedes give very different Relations of thoſe Proceedings, and report, that the Grand Signior had offered his Swediſh Majeſty to ſecure his Retreat into Sweden, or mediate his Peace with the Czar. They alſo add, that the Grand Signior had depoſed and impriſoned the Prince of Moldavia, for giving Intelligence to the Muſcovites of the March of a Party of Swedes, by which Means they were ſurprized and cut to pieces; and that the Turkiſh and Ruſſian Troops are advancing towards the Frontiers.

Bruſſels, January 27. *N. S.* On the 25 h Inſtant Lieutenant General Cadogan ſet out for the Hague, from whence he is expected to return the latter end of this Month. On the 17th Count Bergeick arrived at Compiegne, and having had a long Conference with the Duke of Bavaria he ſet out the next Day for Cambray, proceeded from that Place to Maubeuge, and from thence to Namur, where he arrived on the twenty ſecond Inſtant. We hear that the French Court hath enabled him to pay ſome Part of the Arrears due to the Spaniſh and Walloon Troops in Flanders, but hath eſtabliſhed ſuch inconſiderable Funds for their further Subſiſtence, that it is reſolved to break twelve Battalions and as many Squadrons, and incorporate the Soldiers into other Regiments, and ſend the Officers into Spain. We are adviſed from the Frontiers, that the Enemy have marked out a new Line near Maubeuge, which is to begin between the Wood of Tillieu and Omont, and be extended as far as Aveſnes. On the 20th of this Month Gaetano's Regiment of Horſe left Maubeuge, in order to march into Spain; but they are in ſuch want of Mony for their Journey, that it is believed the Soldiers will be reduced to extreme Neceſſities, and the Officers have taken up Mony on their Bills of Forage at a Diſcount of thirty Pound in the Hundred.

Hague, January 28. *N. S.* The States of Holland were ſeparated laſt Saturday, and are to be reaſſembled within fifteen Days. They have taken a Reſolution to borrow two Millions of Florins to ſupply the preſent Neceſſities. On the 26 h Inſtant Lieutenant-General Cadogan came to this Place, and will return to Bruſſels within three Days; he hath been preſent at ſeveral Conferences with the Council of State ſince his Arrival. To Morrow my Lord Albemarle deſigns to ſet out for Tournay. Letters from the Frontiers ſay, that the Duke of Bavaria continued at Compiegne, and that it was uncertain when he would ſet out for Namur. Count Bergeick is arrived at Namur, and hath brought Orders for ſeveral Regiments of Walloons to march towards Spain the beginning of next Month. The Inundation occaſioned by ſhutting the Sluices of Tournay hath not as yet obliged the Enemy to quit Conde, as they have already done St. Amand and Morragne. Letters from Paris confirm the Difficulties that Court labours under in raiſing Mony; ſeveral Projects have been found impracticable, and moſt of the Parliaments of France have given in their Remonſtrances, expreſſing their Inability to provide the Sums that are demanded of them. Advices from Conſtantinople, of the 1ſt of this Month, ſay, that the Ottoman Port had countermanded all the Orders that were given for laying in Warlike Stores, and making any other Military Preparations.

Whitehaven, January 16. About twenty Sail of laden Colliers lie ready to Sail with the firſt opportunity to Dublin.

Falmouth,